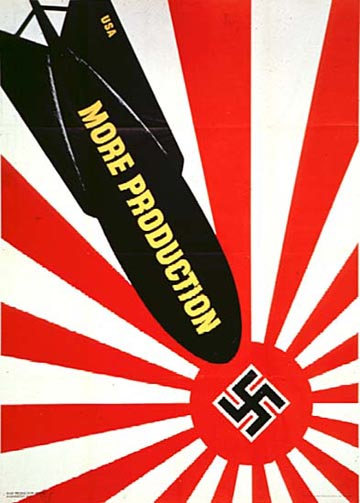
Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ April 25, 2014 Period: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**The Home Front during the Second World War**

**Wartime Production**

* The **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (WPB)** organized the effort to make supplies 24 hours a day
* Factories made planes, tanks, weapons, parachutes, etc.
* Due to the need for raw materials, some things became scarce for other Americans
  + No new \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were produced between 1942 and 1945
  + Gasoline, tires, shoes, meat, and sugar were **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** (limited to a fixed amount for each family)

**Wartime Production by the Numbers**

* By 1945:
  + \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ aircraft
  + 75,000 ships
  + 60% of all Allied ammunition
* Unemployment rates fell drastically
* GDP rose from $90.5 billion to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Opportunities for Women**

* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ entered the workforce by the millions
* Made munitions, ships, planes, etc.
* The U.S. promoted **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**, an image of a strong woman working

**Opportunities for Minorities**

* Over 1 million African Americans left the south to work in war industries
  + Also led to racial tension in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* 120,000 Mexican immigrants came to the U.S. to work temporarily as part of the ***\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ program***
* 46,000 Native Americans left reservations to work in war industries

**Japanese-American Internment**

* **Executive Order 9066** ordered over110,000 Japanese Americans to be moved to **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ camps**
  + One-room housing, very little privacy
  + Kept under guard
* Why?
  + The U.S. government was afraid that Japanese Americans were a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to America

***Korematsu v. the United States (1944)***

* Fred Korematsu was a Japanese-American who was forced to leave his home and move to an internment camp
* He sued the U.S. government, saying it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his rights
* The Supreme Court said that need to protect Americans was greater than Korematsu’s rights