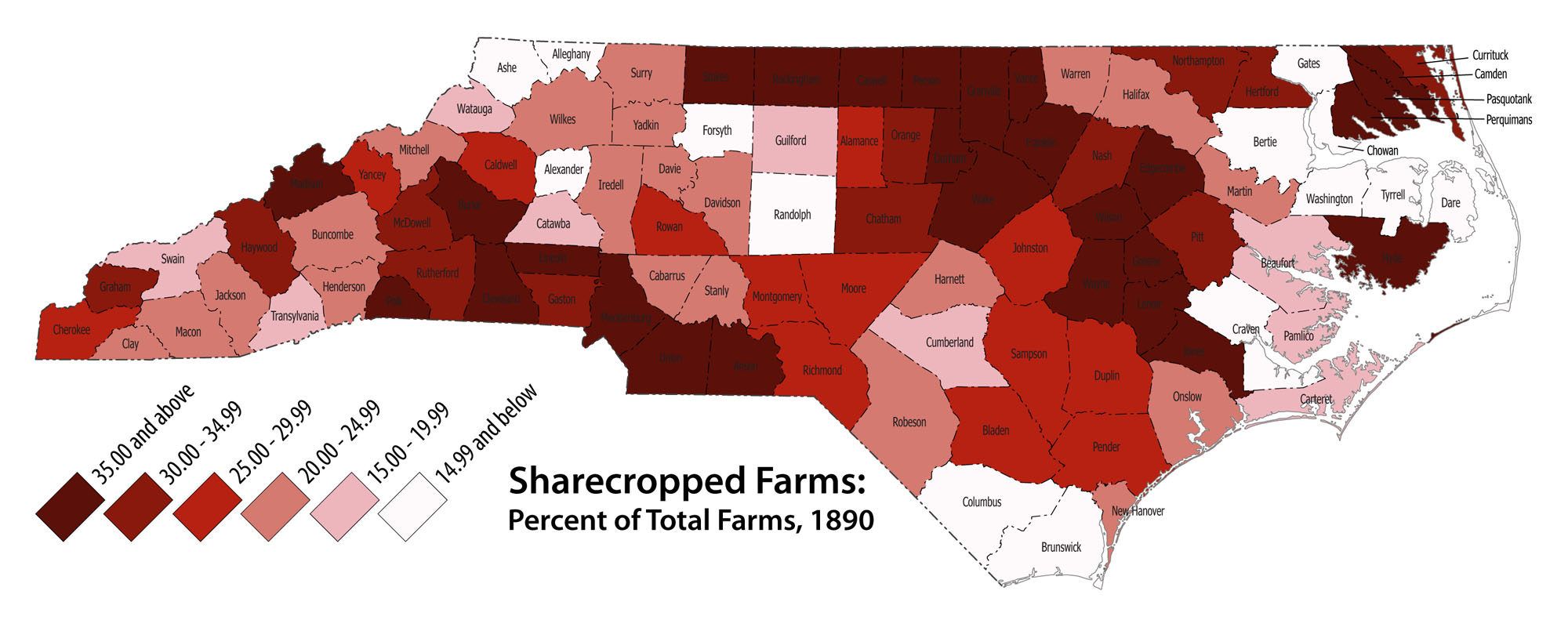
**Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2/27/14 Period: \_\_\_\_\_\_**

**Sharecropping & Segregation in North Carolina**

**Agriculture in NC**

* Farming continued in NC during the Industrial Revolution
* Because the prices of cotton and tobacco \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ after the Civil War, many farmers went into \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Many farmers turned to political organizations for help (We’ll talk about that in our next unit!)

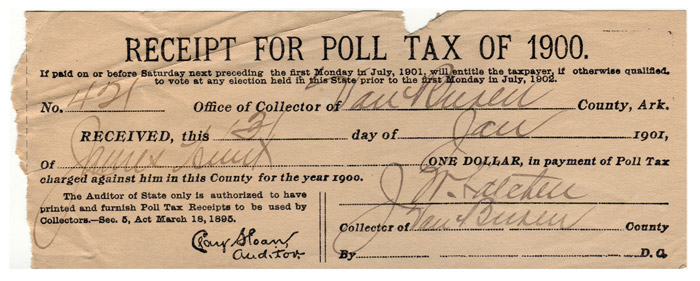
**Sharecropping**

* From 1880 and 1900, thousands of white and black farmers became \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Sharecroppers did not own the land, the house, or the machinery
* They had to pay \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in the form of a portion of the yearly crop
* Life was miserable for many croppers
* Many could not make a profit due to the low prices
* Landowners often charged high prices in order to keep them in debt
* Many left farms for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ jobs in cities

**Jim Crow**

* Jim Crow Laws
  + Laws that enforced \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the South
* Named for an old \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ show that made blacks look foolish and dependent

**Voting Restrictions**

* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**Tests**
  + If you couldn’t read, you couldn’t vote
  + Hurt black voters who did not receive an education
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**Clause**
  + If your grandfather could vote before 1867, you could vote anyways
  + Excluded blacks whose grandparents had been slaves
* **Poll** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  + Fees for voting
  + This especially hurt poor farmers and factory workers

**Segregation**

* Definition
  + \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Segregation was enforced by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Going against customs could have deadly results for African-Americans

**Plessy v. Ferguson**

* 1896
* Supreme Court case about segregation on train cars
* The decision set the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (standard for later decisions) that segregation was legal
* “Separate, but \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**Life in Segregation**

* Many whites refused to give blacks any respect (e.g., refusing to use titles)
* Black and white society mostly operated separately
* Violations of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ could result in deadly consequences
  + \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (mob murder by hanging, shooting, or burning) was not uncommon

